We are burning 100million tonnes of coal every day.

We are losing 31million trees each day.

How much oxygen do we need?

Whose job it is, to worry about these things?

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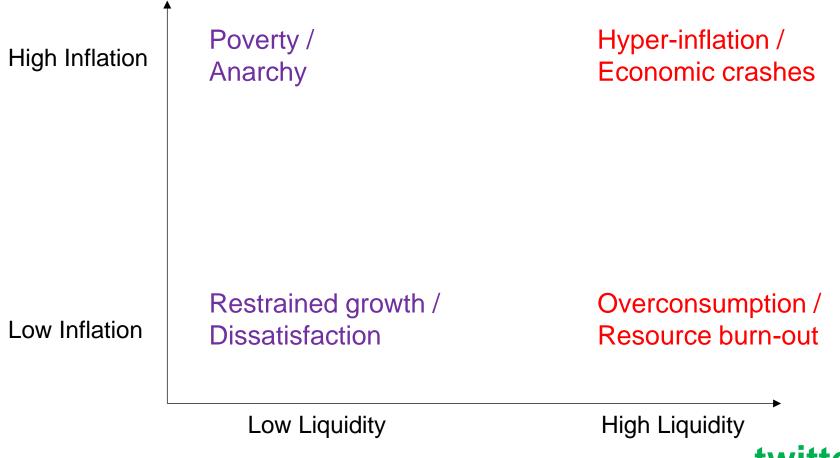
What happens when liquidity is very high but the inflation is low?

Ans. – overconsumption triggers and the resources start burning-out very-very fast.

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Figure: Economic impacts of liquidity (draft)



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When we are trying to launch more and more new products, we are trying to boost consumption.

Consumption comes from resources.

We will have to decide – how much should our businesses grow vs. how many resources we should keep.

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When we are trying to sell more and more, we are trying to boost consumption.

Consumption comes from resources.

We will have to decide – how much should our businesses grow vs. how many resources we should keep.

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When we all are busy doing our jobs;

whose job it is to worry about resources(air, water, land...)?

Our survival depends on these resources.

We all try to grow as much as we can.

One way or the other – growth comes from resources.

The resources (minerals & natural resources) are under strain.

We'll have to choose – how much we want to grow and how many resources we want to keep.

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We need to put some serious investments in R&D (Research and Development) of

Recycling Technologies

- it will help reduce waste and clean the environment as well

Why don't the school system teaches practical things?

Such as, how to use railways, airways or public transport!

We are losing 31MILLION TREES each DAY!

Calculation: 10.2million Ha/year X 1,111trees/Ha ÷ 365days/year

Extra reading: The State of The World's Forests 2024

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Liquidity is like a sweet-dish - everyone wants to eat more and more - even if leads to diabetes.

...Read: Why do we need to monitor liquidity

How do you check the economic health of the country!

- Inflation is a good indicator

Are we calculating it correctly?

...calculating Inflation and Liquidity properly, can help us

foresee economic crashes much early...

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One odd reason for population growth is - untimely deaths!

If there is civil unrest or diseases related deaths people tend to have 'more kids' - because they are
not sure which one will survive.

The biggest reason behind population growth is – need for a male child.

Almost in all countries people want at least one or two male kids, to support the family in old age.

One point to note - female kid gets wedded away. Can the female kid ever replace the male kid?

each year, we are adding 80million new people to the world population!

So, each year we need to create:

10million more new homes

100,000 more new schools

10,000 more new hospitals etc.

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The biggest challenge for governance is - Population 'Growth'.

It leads to all sorts of problems such as - poverty, illiteracy, unemployment, deforestation etc.

For Overall Governance, the core question to ask is

"What happens collectively?"

For Example: say every human uses 100 liters water per day.

What happens collectively?

We need 800 billion liters water per day!!!

What is automation?

It is very helpful in short-term.

But is it harmful in long-term?

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When both husband and wife are working, who mentors the kids in subjective things (things not covered in school education)?

...grandparents?!

Biggest Rule of Governance -

"Retired by 60"

...Any Country, Any City, Any Town